

Project Title

Team-based Management of Patients with Poorly Controlled Type 2 Diabetes in Toa Payoh Polyclinic

Project Lead and Members

Project lead: Tan Poh Ching

Project members: Dr Kunwar Bir Singh, Dr Norhafiza Binti Md Nor, Dr Vittal Sunil Pawar, Ma Yuet Ting, Millison Chua Lynn Shan, Won Tin Chiang, Nor Shawiyah Binte Haron, Vasantha Arumugam, Fadzlina Binte Sujak

Organisation(s) Involved

National Healthcare Group Pharmacy

Healthcare Family Group(s) Involved in this Project

Pharmacy, Medical, Allied Health, Nursing

Applicable Specialty or Discipline

Family Medicine, Dietitian

Project Period

Start date: 2019

Completed date: 2021

Aims

To reduce the percentage of poorly controlled diabetes patients from 8% to 6% in Toa Payoh Polyclinic Teamlet C within 6 months

Background

See poster appended/below



Methods

See poster appended/below

Results

See poster appended/below

Lessons Learnt

Not Available

Conclusion

See poster appended/below

Additional Information

Accorded the NHG Quality Day 2022 (Category A: Improving and Sustaining Quality & Safety) Merit Award

Project Category

Care Continuum

Outpatient Care, Specialist Outpatient Care

Care & Process Redesign

Quality Improvement, Workflow Redesign

Keywords

Diabetes, Glycemic Control, Team-Based Management

Name and Email of Project Contact Person(s)

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Team-based Management of Patients with Poorly Controlled Type 2 Diabetes in Toa Payoh Polyclinic

Tan Poh Ching, NHG Pharmacy (Toa Payoh Polyclinic)



Adding years of healthy life

Mission Statement

To reduce the percentage of *poorly controlled diabetes patients from 8% to 6% in Toa Payoh Polyclinic Teamlet C within 6 months

Stretched goal : 5%

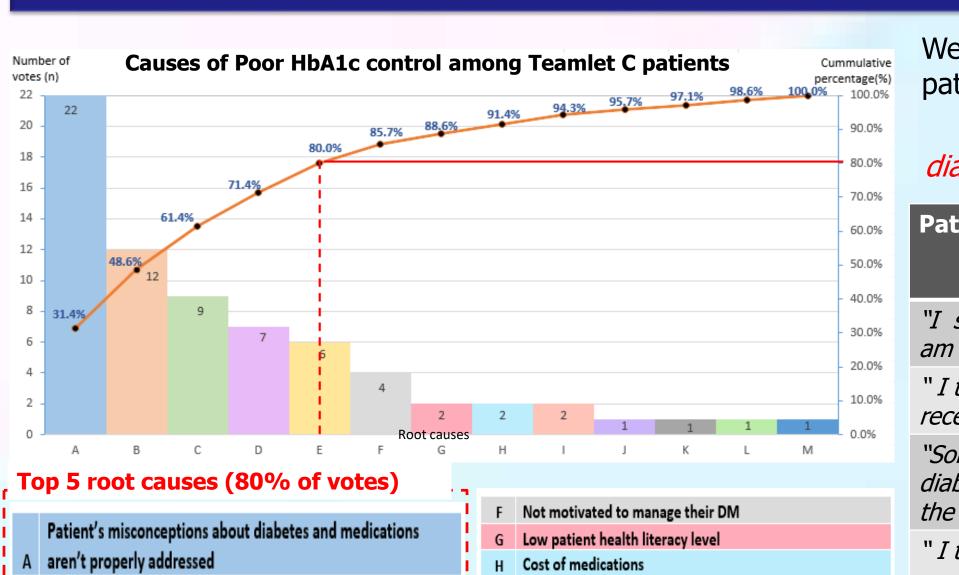
Definition of *poorly controlled diabetes = HbA1c> 9%

(HbA1c is the average blood glucose levels for the past 2 to 3 months)

Scope of patients:

- Type 2 DM patients 18-75 years old
- Taking oral diabetic medications or/ and insulin injection

After conclusion of the project in Dec 2020, we continued to sustain interventions for Teamlet C patients and replicated some successes to other teamlets in Toa Payoh Polyclinic.



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We interviewed 10 poorly controlled diabetes patients to validate the patient root causes "Why do you think your diabetes is not well controlled?"	
Patients' verbatim	Matched patient root causes (in fishbone)
"I seldom exercise recently as I am too busy with work"	Lack of exercise
" I think I didn't control my diet recently"	Diet indiscretion/ Poor diet knowledge
"Sometimes I forgot to take my diabetes medications , especially the afternoon and night doses"	Poor medication adherence
" I think I am perfectly ok now"	Not motivated to manage diabetes

Team Members

Role	Name	Designation	Department
Team Leader	Ms Tan Poh Ching	Senior Pharmacist (Clinical)	Pharmacy
Team members	Dr Kunwar Bir Singh	Family Physician-Senior Staff	Medical
	Dr Norhafiza Binti Md Nor	Family Physician-Senior Staff	Medical
	Dr Vittal Sunil Pawar	Resident Physician-Senior Staff	Medical
	Ms Ma Yuet Ting	Senior Pharmacist	Pharmacy
	Ms Millison Chua Lynn Shan	Clinical Pharmacy Technician	Pharmacy
<u>uuuuuuu</u>	Mr Won Tin Chiang	Principal Dietitian	Allied Health
	NC Nor Shawiyah Binte Haron	Nurse Clinician	Nursing
	SSN Vasantha Arumugam	Senior Staff Nurse	Nursing
	Ms Fadzlina Binte Sujak	Care coordinator	Nursing

Evidence for a Problem Worth Solving

Poor glycemic control poses a significant financial burden to individuals and our healthcare system.

A baseline medication adherence survey among poorly controlled type 2 diabetes patients in Toa Payoh Polyclinic showed that about 70% of them were not adherent to the prescribed regimen due to various reasons .

B Polypharmacy and complex dosing	i No individualized care plan for patient		
C No current system to screen medication adherence issues	J Fear of insulin injection	"I just started a new herb	Misconception that
	K Limited consultation time to address many DM issues	recommended by my friend to	Traditional medicine is
D Patient's priority for change not being identified & addressed	L Shift work/busy schedule	control my diabetes , I believe	better than western
E Poor diet knowledge	M Poor insight of disease complication	my sugar will get better in next	medicines to control
		vicit "	their diabetes

Pareto Chart

Implementation		
Problem(s)	Intervention(s)	Start of PDSA
(A) Patient's misconceptions about diabetes & medications not properly addressed	(1) Patient education on common myths and 1 Nov 20 facts about diabetes, medications & diet	
(E) Poor diet knowledge		
(B) Polypharmacy and complex regimen	(2) Referral of poorly controlled diabetes 25 N	
(D) Patient's priority for change not being identified and addressed	patients to clinical pharmacist to review medication regimen	
(C) No current system to screen medication adherence issues	(3a) Screening of diabetes medication adherence by Teamlet Care coordinator (pre-consultation)	5 Dec 2019
	(3b) Screening of diabetes medication adherence at pharmacy(Post-consultation)	12 Dec 2019
(E) Poor diet knowledge	(4) Charting of self monitoring blood glucose level together with food diary	23 Dec 2019

Results

in HbA1c

A) Reduction of HbA1c in each intervention group **B) Run Chart**

HbA1c

reduction in 6 (%)

Percentage of Mean Intervention(s) patients with reduction

Percentage of poorly controlled Diabetes patients

Current Performance of a Process

Baseline data showed that a total of Toa Payoh polyclinic teamlet 505 were poorly controlled patients Diabetes patients (HbA1c>9%).

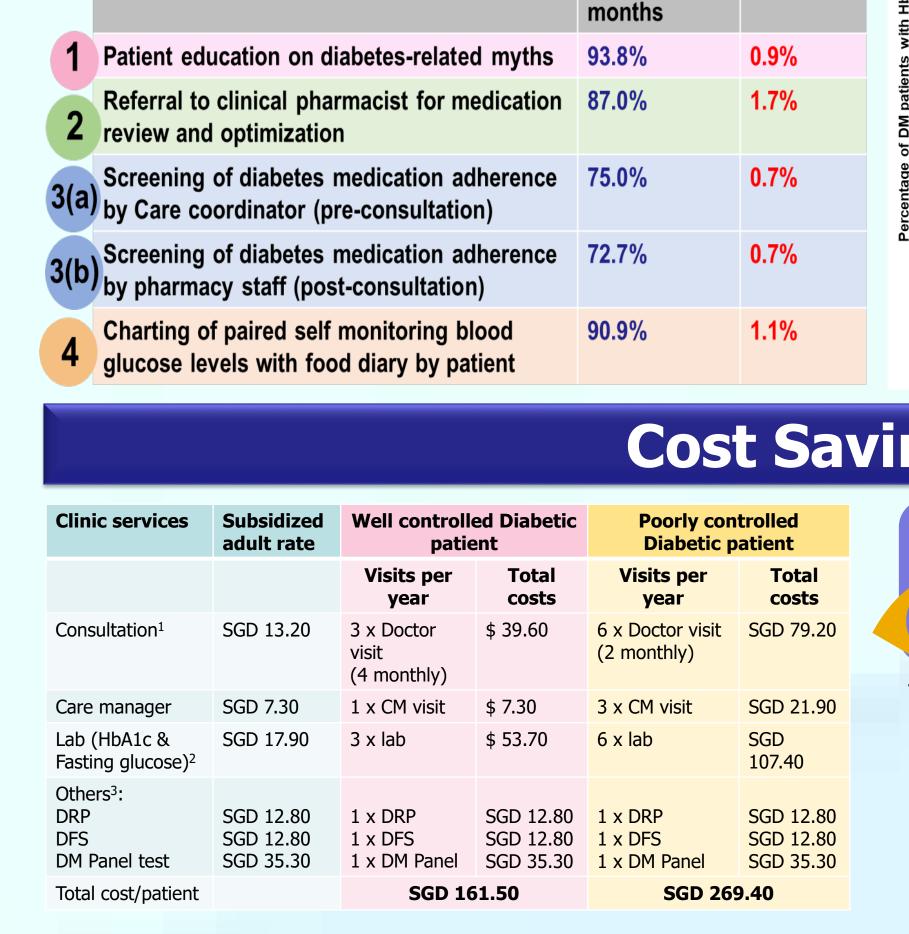
Teamlet C had the highest % of poorly controlled diabetes patients (8%), which was above the teamlet KPI of <6%.

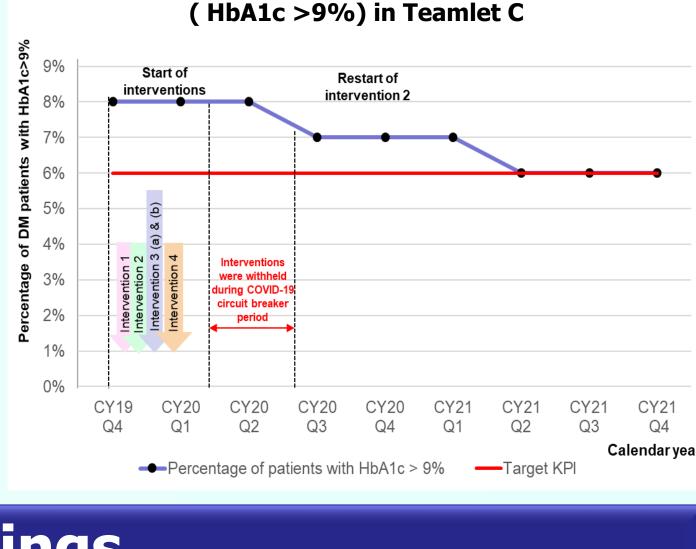
Teamlet	Total number of patient	Number of patient with HbA1c >9%	Percentage of patient with HbA1c >9%
Ą	2023	121	6%
В	1528	62	4%
С	1763	143	8%
D	1198	80	7%
E	1603	99	6%

Remarks: Teamlet KPI target < 6%

Flow Chart of Process

Journey of a patient visiting polyclinic teamlet for diabetes management Doctor Manages the chronic conditions of patients Ň Registration Care manager Counsels & empowers patients to manage Laboratory **Allied health Core members** their chronic condition(s) support of teamlet Teamlet Pharmacist Care Coordinator Provides medication management support Clinical pharmacist Care Manager **Teamlet Doctor** Dietitian Provides dietary counselling





Cost Savings

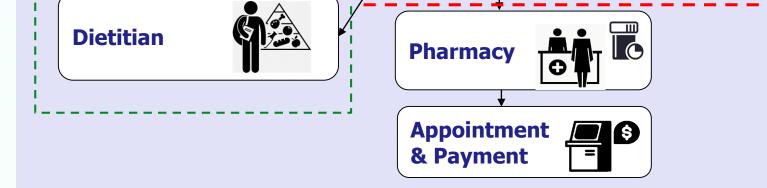
Cost	savings from reduced clinic visits
6	(for closer monitoring)
(\$ =	SGD 107.90/ year /patient

The postulated cost savings does not include other possible cost avoidance from managing complications of poorly controlled diabetes including emergency visits, hospital admissions, specialist clinic visits etc.)

Actual overall cost savings from improved diabetes control could be HIGHER

Problems Encountered

1. There are financial and social influences impacting patient's diabetes

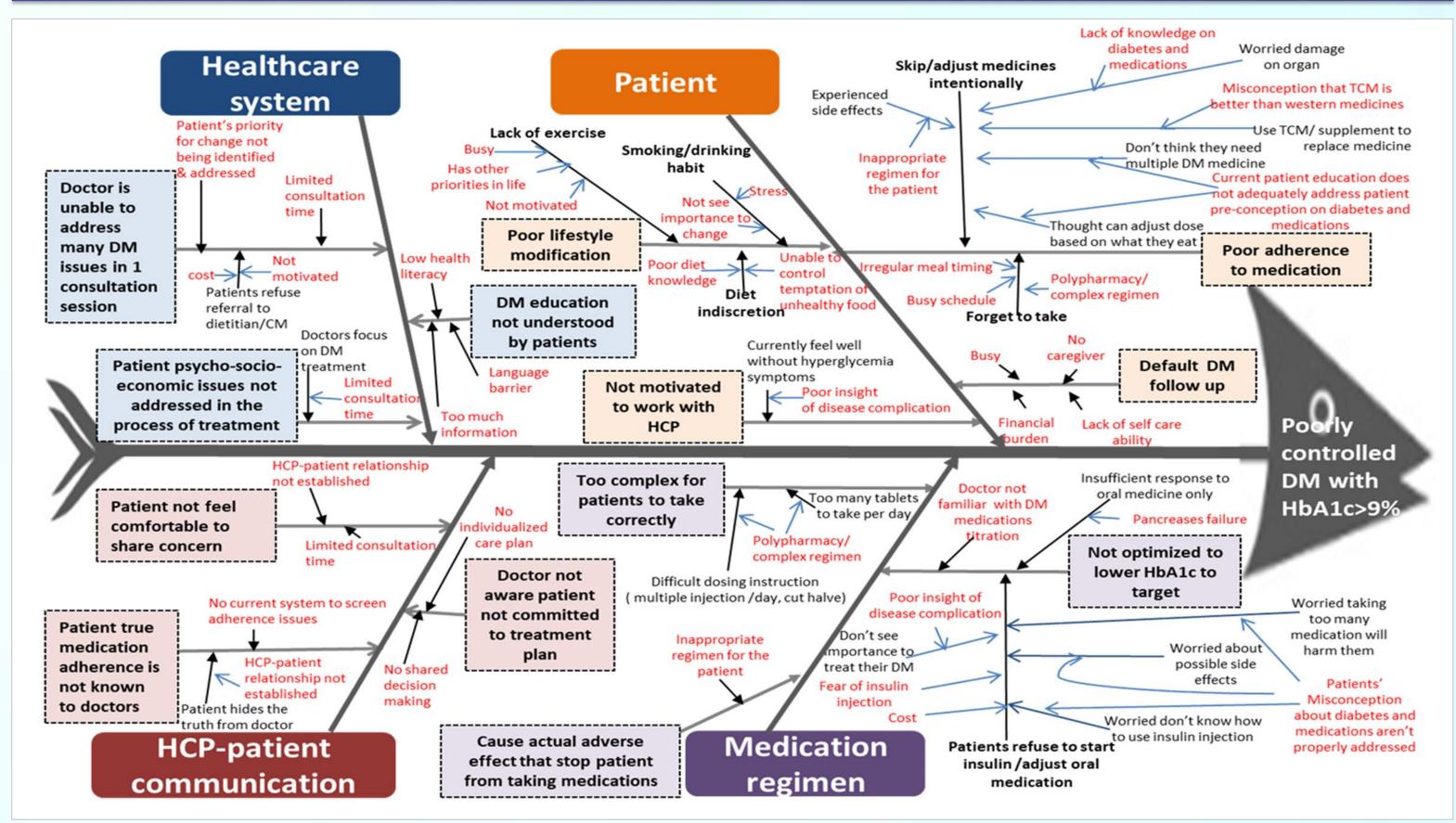




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(A)

Cause and Effect Diagram



- control, and some issues are too complex to be resolved within the project timeline.
- 2. System limitations such as healthcare resources and operational constraints need to be taken into consideration when planning an improvement project.
- 3. Involvement of patients in their own diabetes care plan is beneficial but it is more resource intensive especially when motivational interviewing or detailed counselling is required.

Strategies to Sustain

Intervention (2): Referral of poorly controlled diabetes patients to clinical pharmacist to review medication regimen



- Referral rate from doctors is monitored closely.
- A systematic workflow is implemented to increase doctor's referral rate.
- List of teamlet patients with HbA1c>9% is extracted monthly and reminder is created to alert doctors to refer patients to clinical pharmacist if suitable.
- The new referral workflow is available for all Teamlets in Toa Payoh Polyclinic.